

The META-NET Language White Paper Series: Overview and Key Results

Bolette Sandford Pedersen

University of Copenhagen, Denmark

bspedersen@hum.ku.dk



A Strategy for Multilingual Europe Brussels, Belgium, June 20/21, 2012







Language White Papers



- Key communication instruments to address decision makers and journalists.
- Cover all EU languages (30 volumes).
- Report on the state of a language (general, social, strategic and technological aspects) and the level of support through language technology.
- Inform target group about societal and technological problems and challenges as well as economic opportunities.
- Printed documents published by Springer;
 will be distributed by META-NET.
- PDF versions available for free.



30 Languages Covered



- Basque
- Bulgarian*
- Catalan
- Czech*
- Danish*
- Dutch*
- English*
- Estonian*
- Finnish*
- French*

- Galician
- German*
- Greek*
- Hungarian*
- Icelandic
- Irish*
- Italian*
- Latvian*
- Lithuanian*
- Maltese*

- Norwegian
- Polish*
- Portuguese*
- Romanian*
- Serbian
- Slovak*
- Slovene*
- Spanish*
- Swedish*
- Croatian

^{* =} Official EU language

META= NET

White Paper Series Séria bielych kníh

THE SLOVAK SLOVENSKÝ LANGUAGE IN JAZYK THE DIGITAL V DIGITÁLNOM AGE VEKU

Mária Šimková Radovan Garabík Katarína Gajdošová Michal Laclavík Slavomír Ondrejovič Jozef Juhár Ján Genči Karol Furdík Helena Ivoríková Jozef Ivanecký





OBSAH CONTENTS

SLOVENSKÝ JAZYK V DIGITÁLNOM VEKU

1	Zhrn	utie	1
2	Ohr	ozenie našich jazykov: Výzva pre jazykové technológie	3
	2.1	Jazykové hranice spomaľujú európsku informačnú spoločnosť	4
	2.2	Naše jazyky v ohrození	4
	2.3	Jazykové technológie sú kľúčovými technológiami	5
	2.4	Príležitosti pre jazykové technológie	5
	2.5	Výzvy pre jazykové technológie	6
	2.6	Osvojovanie si jazyka	6
3	Slov	enčina v európskej informačnej spoločnosti	8
	3.1	Všeobecné fakty	8
	3.2	Špecifiká slovenčiny	11
	3.3	Slovenčina na internete	12
	3.4	Slovenčina ako cudzí jazyk	13
	3.5	Slovenský národný korpus	15
4	Jazy	rkové technológie na podporu slovenčiny	17
	4.1	Architektúra aplikácií	17
	4.2	Základné aplikačné oblasti	19
	4.3	Ďalšie aplikačné oblasti	27
	4.4	Jazykové technológie vo vzdelávaní	29
	4.5	Štátne programy a iniciatívy	29
	4.6	Dostupnosť nástrojov a zdrojov	30
	4.7	Porovnanie jazykov	32
	4.8	Závery	33
5	ON	META-NET-e	37

THE SLOVAK LANGUAGE IN THE DIGITAL AGE

1	1 Executive Summary					
2	Languages at Risk: a Challenge for Language Technology	4				
	2.1 Language Borders Hold back the European Information Society	4				
	2.2 Our Languages at Risk	4				
	2.3 Language Technology is a Key Enabling Technology	4				
	2.4 Opportunities for Language Technology	4				
	2.5 Challenges Facing Language Technology	4				
	2.6 Language Acquisition in Humans and Machines	4				
3	Slovak in the European Information Society	4				
	3.1 General Facts	4				
	3.2 Particularities of the Slovak Language	4				
	3.3 Slovak on the Internet	5				
	3.4 Slovak as a Foreign Language	5				
	3.5 Slovak National Corpus	5				
4	Language Technology Support for Slovak	5.				
	4.1 Application Architectures	5				
	4.2 Core Application Areas	5				
	4.3 Other Application Areas	6				
	4.4 Language Technology in Education	6				
	4.5 National Projects and Initiatives	6				
	4.6 Availability of Tools and Resources	6				
	4.7 Cross-language Comparison	7				
	4.8 Conclusions	7				
5	About META-NET	7.				
Α	Zoznam literatúry – References	7.				
В	Členovia META-NET-u – META-NET Members	8				
C	Séria bielych kníh META-NET-u – The META-NET White Paper Series	8.				

A few Numbers ...



- >160 national experts contributed as authors or co-authors (ca. 5 per language on average).
- >50 additional experts have contributed data and information.
- >8,000 copies will be printed and distributed by META-NET.



Cross-Lingual Ranking



- Journalists and politicians need simple and clear messages.
- In four application areas, each language is assigned to one of five clusters, ranging from excellent LT support to weak/no support:
 - 1. Machine Translation
 - 2. Speech Processing
 - 3. Text Analysis
 - 4. Resources
- Results finalised at a meeting in Berlin with representatives of all 30 languages (October 21/22, 2011).



MT (top) & Speech Processing (bottom) META=NET



excellent	good	moderate	fragmentary		weak or no support		
	English	French, Spanish	German Hungaria Italian, Po	German, Hungarian, Lithi		garian, Croatian, Czech, onian, Finnish, Galician, elandic, Irish, Latvian, n, Maltese, Norwegian, Serbian, Slovak, Slovene, Swedish	
excellent	good	mod	moderate		fragmentary	weak or no support	
	English		Czech, Dutch, Finnish, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, Spanish		sque, Bulgarian, ntalan, Danish, onian, Galician, eek, Hungarian, sh, Norwegian, olish, Serbian, ovak, Slovene, Swedish	Croatian, Icelandic, Latvian, Lithuanian, Maltese, Romanian	

http://www.meta-net.eu

Text Analysis (top) & Resources (bottom) META=NET



excellent	excellent good		fragmentary			weak or no support	
	English	Dutch, French, German, Italian, Spanish	Gal I	Basque, Bulgarian, Catalan, Czech, Danish, Finnish, Galician, Greek, Hungarian, Norwegian, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Slovak, Slovene, Swedish		Croatian, Estonian, Icelandic, Irish, Latvian, Lithuanian, Maltese, Serbian	
excellent	good	moderate		fragmentary		weak/no support	
	English	Czech, Dutch, French, German, Hungarian, Italian, Polish, Spanish, Swedish		Basque, Bulgarian, Catalan, Croatian, Danish, Estonian, Finnish, Galician, Greek, Norwegian, Portuguese, Romanian, Serbian, Slovak, Slovene		Icelandic, Irish, Latvian, Lithuanian, Maltese	

Europe's Languages and LT



English

Dutch French German Italian Spanish Catalan
Czech
Finnish
Hungarian
Polish
Portuguese
Swedish

Basque
Bulgarian
Danish
Galician
Greek
Norwegian
Romanian
Slovak
Slovene

Croatian
Estonian
Icelandic
Irish
Latvian
Lithuanian
Maltese
Serbian

good support through Language Technology weak or no support

Key Results



- When it comes to Language Technology support, there are massive differences between Europe's languages and technology areas.
- Language Technology support for English is ahead of any other language – but far from being perfect.
- For 16 of 30 languages, Language Technology support is only *fragmentary*, *very weak* or *non-existent*!
- We now have a list of gaps and needs for all 30 languages which need to be addressed in the years to come.

Recent Developments



- Today we launch a new version of the Language White Paper website: http://www.meta-net.eu/whitepapers.
- Ca. 20 of the 30 Language White Papers available online in their final versions (PDF).
- First batch of printed copies (published by Springer) will be available soon.
- New volumes upcoming (such as, "European Sign Languages in the Digital Age").
- Dissemination of printed volumes to politicians and journalists to start in July.

META-NET White Paper Series

Aims and Scope

META-NET, a Network of Excellence consisting of 57 research centres from 33 countries, is dedicated to building the technological foundations of a multilingual European information society.

META-NET is forging META, the Multilingual Europe Technology Alliance. The benefits offered by Language Technology differ from language to language. So do the actions that need to be taken within META-NET, depending on the factors such as the complexity of the respective language, the size of its community, and the existence of active research centres in this area.

The META-NET Language White Paper series 'Languages in the European Information Society' reports on the state of each European language with respect to Language Technology and explains the most urgent risks and chances. The series will cover all official European languages and several other languages spoken in geographical Europe. While there have been a number of valuable and comprehensive scientific studies on certain aspects of languages and technology, there exists no generally understandable compendium that takes a stand by presenting the main findings and challenges for each language. The META-NET white paper series will fill this gap.

Languages (31)

Basque, Bulgarian, Catalan, Croatian, Czech, Danish, Dutch, English, Estonian, Finnish, French, Galician, German, Greek, Hungarian, Izelandic, Irish, Italian, Latvian, Lithuanian, Maltese, Norwegian (bokmål), Norwegian (nynorsk), Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Serbian, Slowak, Slovene, Soanish, Swedish.

Top Quotes

- Andrus Kubilus (Prime Minister of the Republic of Lithuania): "Having preserved a close his with the old Indo-European parent languages, the Lithuanian language today satisfies the needs of the modern society perfectly well. However, active users of the Lithuanian language only amount to several million. Conserving it for future generations is a responsibility of the whole of the European Union. How we proceed with developing information technology will pretty much determine the future of the Lithuanian language."

 Dr. Danio Trick (President of the Republic of
- Dr. Danilo Türk (President of the Republic of Slovenia): "It is imperative that language technologies for Slovene are developed systematically if we want Slovene to flourish also in the future divital world".
- the future digital world."

 Valdis Dombrowkis (Prime Minister of Latvia): "Diversity of cultures, traditions and languages is one of the most important treasures of Europe and it is our duty to preserve this heritage for generations to come. For such small languages like Latvian keeping up with the ever increasing pace of time and technological development is crucial. The only way to ensure tuture existence of our language is to provide its users with equal opportunities as the users of larger languages enjor. Therefore being on the forefront of modern technologies is our opportunities.

People

See the authors and contributors (97) of all issues. See the team behind the META-NET White Paper Series.





Thank you.

office@meta-net.eu

http://www.meta-net.eu

http://www.facebook.com/META.Alliance